





















Removal of invasive plant species at SCI Pomorie BG0000620, Bulgaria LIFE10 NAT/IT/256 MC-SALT

European workshop on eradication and control of invasive plant species in protected areas and Natura 2000 sites



















Pomorie lake:

- Natural hypersaline lagoon
- Area 760 ha
- Protected site 2001
- Ramsar site 20⁻⁻
- IBA 1989
- Natura 2000 site
- pSCI "Pomorie" I
- SPA "Pomorie La

























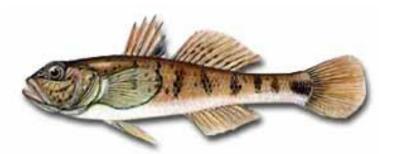
Fish - 8 species

Amphibians and reptiles

- Amphibians 4 species
- Reptiles 17 species

Mammals – 31 species















www.greenbalkans.org











POMORIE LAKE

Birds of Pomorie Lake

Total – 271 species (118 species water birds) Nesting – 57 species

Most important breeding site nationally for: Sandwich tern, Mediterranean gull

High importance for:

Avocet, Common and Little tern, Black-winged stilt,

Gull-billed tern, Kentish plover





















Habitats listed in DIRECTIVE 92/43/EEC

- 1110 Sandbanks which are slightly covered by sea water all the time
- 1150 Coastal lagoons*
- 1170 Reefs
- 2110 Embryonic shifting dune www.greenbalkans.org
- 2120 Shifting dunes along the arenaria ('white dunes')
- 92D0 Southern riparian galle Tamaricetea and Securinegic
- 1310 Salicornia and other an
- 1410 Mediterranean salt mea
- 1530 Pannonic salt steppes a



^{*} priority habitat types



















Plants of Pomorie Lake

87 species:
Sea rocket (Cakile maritima)
Sand-pit knapweed (Centaurea arenaria)
Sea holly (Eryngium maritimum)
Trachomitum venetum





















In 2008-2010 a Management Plan was drafted.

Important threat for habitats and plants:

Invasive alien species – Amorpha fruticosa and Spartium junceum























MC SALT LIFE10NAT/IT/256 OVERVIEW





















MC SALT LIFE10NAT/IT/256 OVERVIEW

6 partners from 3 countries (Italy, France, Bulgaria) 10 NATURA 2000 sites – all include salt works (in use or abandoned)

Habitat targeted:

- 1150* Coastal lagoon the highest proportion
- 1510 Mediterranean Salt Steppes*
- 1310 Salicornia and other annuals colonizing mud and sand
- 1420 Mediterranean halophilous scrubs (Sarcocornetea fruticosi)
- 2120 Shifting dunes along the shoreline -Bulgaria

Threats to habitats:

- 1) Progressive decline in water circulation
- 2) Aerial powerline (birds collision provoking fires);
- 3) Invasive alien species













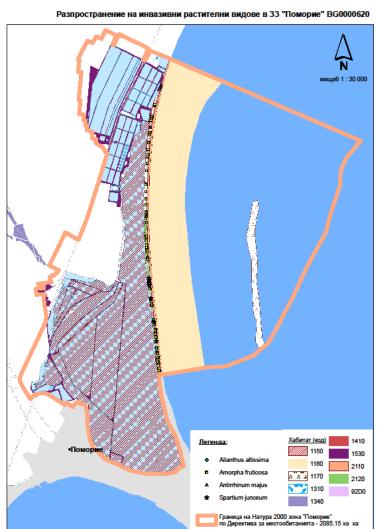






Action A7: Ex-ante monitoring of invasive plant species and nesting waterbirds, executive projects for improvement of nesting conditions and for the removal of invasive plant species in Pomorie Lake























Action C4:

Improvement of nesting conditions and

removal of invasive plant species at Pomorie Lake





















Action C4:

Removal of invasive plant species at Pomorie Lake

Target area: sand dunes – 5 km long spit

Means: mechanical without use of herbicide due to existence of many protected plant species (*Eryngium maritimum, Stachys maritime, Trachomitum venetum, Euphorbia peplis*) in vicinity of target invasive species *Amorpha fruticosa* and *Spartium junceum*

Executed by: volunteers























































































































GREAT THANKS TO VOLUNTEERS!





















CONCLUSIONS

- Mechanical removal is suitable method for Spartium junceum – all plants were removed successfully
- Mechanical removal is not suitable for *Amorpha fruticosa* – new shoots have grown even though second effort was made in following year



















